# Mean, Median, Mode and Range-Answers

#### Key Stage 3: 2003 Paper 1 Level 3-5

#### 1.

-	-	-	tion			Shoe sizes
1.00	-	6	0-0		Correct response	Additional guidance
a	a	a		1m	6	
Ь	ь	ь		1m U1)	2	

# Key Stage 3: 2003 Paper 1 Level 4-6

#### 2.

Tier	8 0	Ques	tion			Shoe sizes
1-5	4-6	5-7	6-8			51106 51265
18	13	6			Correct response	Additional guidance
a	a	a		1m	6	
b	b	b		1m (1)	2	

Key Stage 3: 2005 Paper 1 Level 3-5

Tier	r & C	Question			Denne of energy	
-54-6 5-7 6-8					Range of ages	
2	5			Correct response	Additional guidance	
a	a		1m	Gives two ages with a difference of 7 years eg • 1 and 8 • 7 and 14 • 7 and 0 • 20 and 13	<ul> <li>Ages given using part-years Accept provided the difference is 7 years eg, accept</li> <li>6 months and 7<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub></li> </ul>	
5	b		1m	0	<ul> <li>! Response given in words Accept provided there is no ambiguity eg, accept <ul> <li>Zero</li> <li>Nothing</li> <li>eg, do not accept</li> <li>No range</li> </ul> </li> <li>! Units amended Accept responses giving a short time interval eg, accept <ul> <li>A few minutes</li> <li>A couple of hours</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	

lier	& Q	uest	ion			Mean and media
-	_	5-7	6-8	8		Weat and media
19	12	5			Correct response	Additional guidance
<u>a</u>	a	a		1m	<ul> <li>Shows that the mean is 10</li> <li>eg</li> <li>9 + 11 + 10 = 30, 30 ÷ 3</li> <li>(9 + 11 + 10) ÷ 3</li> <li>10 is already 10, then 9 is 1 below and 11 is 1 above</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>✓ Minimally acceptable explanation         eg             • 30 ÷ 3             • 30 ÷ 10 = 3             • 9 + 11 = 20, 20 ÷ 2             • Add one to 9 and take one off 11             • 10 is halfway between 9 and 11         </li> <li>✓ Method described         eg             • You add them up then divide by how         many there are         </li> <li>✓ Incorrect statement         eg             • 9 + 10 + 11 + 3 = 10             • 3 + 30 = 10         </li> </ul>
				1m	<ul> <li>Gives a correct explanation of why the median is 10</li> <li>eg</li> <li>10 is the middle number when the numbers are in order</li> <li>The median is the middle number when the numbers go from smallest to largest</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Minimally acceptable explanation         eg             • It is the middle number             • It's the middle largest             • It's the second smallest             • 9 10 11             • It is in between</li> <li>Macomplete or incorrect explanation         eg             • 9 10 11             • 10 is halfway between 9 and 11</li> </ul>
b	b	ь		1m	Gives four values that total 40 and whose middle two numbers, when ordered, add to 20, with none of the values being 10 eg 8 9 11 12 0 0 20 20 9 11 9 11 7 13 9 11	✓ Fractions, decimals and negatives

Key Stage 3: 2005 Paper 1 Level 4-6

Tier	A Q	uest	ion			Denne of ener
3-5	4-6	5-7	6-8			Range of ages
12	5				Correct response	Additional guidance
a	a			1m	Gives two ages with a difference of 7 years eg • 1 and 8 • 7 and 14 • 7 and 0 • 20 and 13	<ul> <li>Ages given using part-years Accept provided the difference is 7 years eg, accept</li> <li>6 months and 7<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub></li> </ul>
b	b			1m	0	<ul> <li>Response given in words         <ul> <li>Accept provided there is no ambiguity eg, accept</li> <li>Zero</li> <li>Nothing</li> <li>eg, do not accept</li> <li>No range</li> </ul> </li> <li>Units amended         <ul> <li>Accept responses giving a short time interval eg, accept</li> <li>A few minutes</li> <li>A couple of hours</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

Tier &	Ques	tion		Mean and median	
100	6 5-7	6-8		Wean and median	
9 12	2 5		Correct response	Additional guidance	
a a	a	Ŀ	<ul> <li>Shows that the mean is 10</li> <li>9 + 11 + 10 = 30, 30 + 3</li> <li>(9 + 11 + 10) + 3</li> <li>10 is already 10, then 9 is 1 below and 11 is 1 above</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>✓ Minimally acceptable explanation         eg         • 30 ÷ 3         • 30 ÷ 10 = 3         • 9 + 11 = 20, 20 ÷ 2         • Add one to 9 and take one off 11         • 10 is halfway between 9 and 11</li> <li>✓ Method described         eg         • You add them up then divide by how         many there are</li> <li>× Incorrect statement         eg         • 9 + 10 + 11 + 3 = 10         • 3 + 30 = 10</li> </ul>	
			<ul> <li>Gives a correct explanation of why the median is 10 eg</li> <li>10 is the middle number when the number are in order</li> <li>The median is the middle number when th numbers go from smallest to largest</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>It's the second smallest</li> </ul>	
b b	b		Im         Gives four values that total 40 and whose middle two numbers, when ordered, add to 20, with none of the values being 10 eg           • 8         9         11         12           • 0         0         20         20           • 9         11         9         11           • 7         13         9         11	✓ Fractions, decimals and negatives	

Key Stage 3: 2006 Paper 1 Level 4-6

lier & C	)uest	ion			Foundation on out
-5 4-6	-				Favourite sport
18	12	5		Correct response	Additional guidance
a	a	a	1m	<ul> <li>Indicates No and gives a correct explanation eg</li> <li>You can only find the mean of a set of numbers</li> <li>The data are in words not in figures so the mean cannot be found</li> <li>You can't add words up then divide by how many there are</li> <li>There are no numerical values</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>✓ Minimally acceptable explanation         eg         <ul> <li>They are words</li> <li>You need numbers</li> <li>There are no quantities (or figures)</li> <li>You need to add them together</li> <li>You can't divide them (by 10)</li> </ul> </li> <li>✓ Incomplete explanation         eg         <ul> <li>You can't find the mean of sports</li> <li>You can't have fractions of a word</li> <li>Not enough information</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
					<ul> <li>Their explanation shows misconceptions about the mean</li> <li>eg</li> <li>You can't add them up and divide by 5</li> <li>You can't divide a word by a word</li> <li>You can't find the mean of words unless you use the frequencies</li> <li>It doesn't say whether Hanif asked them to give the sports marks out of ten</li> <li>You can't put them in order because they are words not numbers</li> </ul>
			(1)		<ul> <li>Numerical values assigned eg</li> <li>Yes, football and swimming are 8 letters, cricket and netball are 7 and hockey is 6</li> </ul>
b	b	Ь	1m	<ul> <li>Indicates Yes and gives a correct explanation eg</li> <li>The mode is the most common thing, so you can find it for numbers or words</li> <li>The mode is football as it was chosen most often, by four people</li> <li>You can see from the table what was the most popular sport</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>✓ Minimally acceptable explanation         <ul> <li>Most common</li> <li>Most popular</li> <li>More like football</li> <li>Highest is football</li> <li>Football is favourite</li> </ul> </li> <li>X Mode identified but not explained         <ul> <li>eg</li> <li>The mode is football</li> <li>Four of the ten chose football so this is the mode</li> <li>Football appears more than once</li> </ul> </li> <li>X Incomplete or incorrect explanation</li> </ul>
					eg • Most • You can see how many picked each spor • There's more than one of some results • You can find the mode from both numbers and words • Football was chosen the most as five people said that

Key Stage 3: 2007 Paper 2 Level 3-5

Tier & Question			& Question			Name
3-5	4-6	5-7	6-8	etes		
10	3				Correct response	Additional guidance
a	a			1m	Claire	<ul> <li>✓ Unambiguous indication of name eg, for Claire</li> <li>• C</li> </ul>
b	b			1m U1	Gives the names Claire then Tom	

## Key Stage 3: 2007 Paper 2 Level 4-6

9.

	Tier & Question			Name
3-5	4-6 5-	7 6-8		
10	3		Correct response	Additional guidance
a	a	1m	Claire	<ul> <li>✓ Unambiguous indication of name eg, for Claire</li> <li>• C</li> </ul>
b	b	1m	Gives the names Claire then Tom	

# Key Stage 3: 2008 Paper 1 Level 3-5

#### 10.

Tier & Question						Temperatures	
3-5	4-6	5-7	-7 6-8				
16	9				Correct response	Additional guidance	
a	a			1m	6		
b	b	t	t	1m	-3	-	

Key Stage 3: 2008 Paper 1 Level 4-6

Tier & Question		n		Temperatures	
3-5	4-6	5-7 6	8		
16	9			Correct response	Additional guidance
a	a		1m	6	
b	b		1m	-3	_

3-5	4-6	5-7	6-8	<u> </u>		100 metre
		16			Correct response	Additional guidance
	a	a	a	1m	4	
	b	b	b	2m	2.8 or equivalent	
				or		
				1m	Identifies the values 13.6 and 16.4 or equivalent or Shows a complete correct method with not more than one computational error eg • 16 - 13 = 3, 0.6 - 0.4 = 0.2, 3 - 0.2	<ul> <li>! For 1m, key not interpreted Condone only if the correct range has been evaluated eg, accept <ul> <li>2 8</li> <li>eg, do not accept</li> <li>16 4 - 13 6</li> </ul> </li> <li>* For 1m, conceptual error eg <ul> <li>16 - 13 = 3, 0.6 - 0.4 = 0.2, 3 + 0.2 = 3.2</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
-		с	с	1m	15.3 or equivalent	

## Key Stage 3: 2008 Paper 2 Level 4-6

13.

Tier	Tier & Question					Darts	
3-5	4-6	5-7	6-8				
	21	12	2		Correct response	Additional guidance	
				1m	Gives all three correct numbers, ie 10, 15 and 20 [any order]		

# Key Stage 3: 2009 Paper 2 Level 3-5

		Quest			Shoe sizes
16			 Mark	Correct response	Additional guidance
a	a		1m	12	
ь	b	>	1m	3	
c	c		1m	Indicates Both the same and gives a correct explanation The most common correct explanations: Use given values eg • Range of boys is 4, range of girls is 4 • 8 - 4 is the same as 9 - 5 • 5 to 9 = 4 to 8	<ul> <li>✓ Minimally acceptable explanation eg</li> <li>4,4</li> <li>8-4,9-5</li> <li>Both 4</li> <li>1 Ambiguous notation eg</li> <li>4-8,5-9 Condone</li> </ul>
			U	Reason generally about spread eg • Boys cover 5 sizes, girls cover 5 sizes	<ul> <li>Minimally acceptable explanation eg         <ul> <li>Both have the same number of sizes</li> </ul> </li> <li>Explanation implies references to the number of blank sizes eg</li> <li>Boys have one blank, girls have one blank</li> <li>Because the girls didn't have size 9 and the boys didn't have size 4 Condone</li> <li>Ambiguous or incorrect explanation eg         <ul> <li>5 in each</li> <li>They both have a range of five sizes</li> <li>Girls: 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 Boys: 5, 6, 7, 8, 9</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

Key Stage 3: 2009 Paper 2 Level 4-6

	a minut	Ques 6 5-1	tion 6-8			Shoe sizes
16	7	'		Mark	Correct response	Additional guidance
a	a			1m	12	
b	b	>		1m	3	
c	c			1m	Indicates Both the same and gives a correct explanation The most common correct explanations: Use given values eg • Range of boys is 4, range of girls is 4 • 8 – 4 is the same as 9 – 5 • 5 to 9 = 4 to 8	<ul> <li>✓ Minimally acceptable explanation eg</li> <li>4,4</li> <li>8 - 4,9 - 5</li> <li>Both 4</li> <li>! Ambiguous notation eg</li> <li>4 - 8,5 - 9 Condone</li> </ul>
				UT	Reason generally about spread eg • Boys cover 5 sizes, girls cover 5 sizes	<ul> <li>Minimally acceptable explanation eg         <ul> <li>Both have the same number of sizes</li> </ul> </li> <li>Explanation implies references to the number of blank sizes eg</li> <li>Boys have one blank, girls have one blank</li> <li>Because the girls didn't have size 9 and the boys didn't have size 4 Condone</li> <li>Ambiguous or incorrect explanation eg         <ul> <li>S in each</li> <li>They both have a range of five sizes</li> <li>Girls: 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 Boys: 5, 6, 7, 8, 9</li> </ul> </li> </ul>